
Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 11/16] Enable cloning pid namespace

Posted by [serue](#) on Thu, 24 May 2007 14:59:32 GMT

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Quoting sukadev@us.ibm.com (sukadev@us.ibm.com):

>

> Subject: Enable cloning pid namespace

>

> From: Sukadev Bhattiprolu <sukadev@us.ibm.com>

>

>

> When clone() is invoked with CLONE_NEWPID, create a new pid namespace

> and then create a new struct pid for the new process. Allocate pid_t's

> for the new process in the new pid namespace and all ancestor pid

> namespaces. Make the newly cloned process the session and process group

> leader.

>

> Since the active pid namespace is special and expected to be the first

> entry in pid->upid_list, preserve the order of pid namespaces when

> cloning without CLONE_NEWPID.

>

> TODO (partial list:)

>

> - Identify clone flags that should not be specified with CLONE_NEWPID

> and return -EINVAL from copy_process(), if they are specified. (eg:

> CLONE_THREAD|CLONE_NEWPID ?)

> - Add a privilege check for CLONE_NEWPID

>

> Changelog:

>

> 2.6.21-mm2-pidns3:

> - 'struct upid' used to be called 'struct pid_nr' and a list of these

> were hanging off of 'struct pid'. So, we renamed 'struct pid_nr'

> and now hold them in a statically sized array in 'struct pid' since

> the number of 'struct upid's for a process is known at process-

> creation time

>

> 2.6.21-mm2:

> - [Serge Hallyn] Terminate other processes in pid ns when reaper is

> exiting.

> Signed-off-by: Sukadev Bhattiprolu <sukadev@us.ibm.com>

> ---

> include/linux/pid.h | 3

> include/linux/pid_namespace.h | 5 -

> init/Kconfig | 9 +

> kernel/exit.c | 14 ++

> kernel/fork.c | 17 ++-

> kernel/pid.c | 209 ++++++

```

> 6 files changed, 227 insertions(+), 30 deletions(-)
>
> Index: lx26-21-mm2/kernel/pid.c
> =====
> --- lx26-21-mm2.orig/kernel/pid.c 2007-05-22 16:59:50.000000000 -0700
> +++ lx26-21-mm2/kernel/pid.c 2007-05-22 16:59:52.000000000 -0700
> @@ -32,6 +32,7 @@
> #define pid_hashfn(nr) hash_long((unsigned long)nr, pidhash_shift)
> static struct hlist_head *pid_hash;
> static int pidhash_shift;
> +static struct kmem_cache *pid1_cache;
> static struct kmem_cache *pid_cache;
> struct upid init_struct_upid = INIT_STRUCT_UPID;
> struct pid init_struct_pid = INIT_STRUCT_PID;
> @@ -250,7 +251,12 @@ static struct upid *pid_active_upid(stru
> /*
>  * Return the active pid namespace of the process @pid.
>  *
> - * Note: At present, there is only one pid namespace (init_pid_ns).
> + * Note:
> + * To avoid having to use an extra pointer in struct pid to keep track
> + * of active pid namespace, dup_struct_pid() maintains the order of
> + * entries in 'pid->upid_list' such that the youngest (or the 'active')
> + * pid namespace is the first entry and oldest (init_pid_ns) is the last
> + * entry in the list.
>  */
> struct pid_namespace *pid_active_pid_ns(struct pid *pid)
> {
> @@ -259,6 +265,64 @@ struct pid_namespace *pid_active_pid_ns(
> EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(pid_active_pid_ns);
>
> /*
> + * Return the parent pid_namespace of the active pid namespace of @tsk.
> + *
> + * Note:
> + * Refer to function header of pid_active_pid_ns() for information on
> + * the order of entries in pid->upid_list. Based on the order, the parent
> + * pid namespace of the active pid namespace of @tsk is just the second
> + * entry in the process's pid->upid_list.
> + *
> + * Parent pid namespace of init_pid_ns is init_pid_ns itself.
> + */
> +static struct pid_namespace *task_active_pid_ns_parent(struct task_struct *tsk)
> +{
> + int idx = 0;
> + struct pid *pid = task_pid(tsk);
> +
> + if (pid->num_upids > 1)

```

```

> + idx++;
> +
> + return pid->upid_list[idx].pid_ns;
> +}
> +
> +/*
> + * Return the child reaper of @tsk.
> + *
> + * Normally the child reaper of @tsk is simply the child reaper
> + * the active pid namespace of @tsk.
> + *
> + * But if @tsk is itself child reaper of a namespace, NS1, its child
> + * reaper depends on the caller. If someone from an ancestor namespace
> + * or, if the reaper himself is asking, return the reaper of our parent
> + * namespace.
> + *
> + * If someone from namespace NS1 (other than reaper himself) is asking,
> + * return reaper of NS1.
> + */
> +struct task_struct *task_child_reaper(struct task_struct *tsk)
> +{
> + struct pid_namespace *tsk_ns = task_active_pid_ns(tsk);
> + struct task_struct *tsk_reaper = tsk_ns->child_reaper;
> + struct pid_namespace *my_ns;
> +
> + /*
> + * TODO: Check if we need a lock here. ns->child_reaper
> + * can change in do_exit() when reaper is exiting.
> + */
> +
> + if (tsk != tsk_reaper)
> + return tsk_reaper;
> +
> + my_ns = task_active_pid_ns(current);
> + if (my_ns != tsk_ns || current == tsk)
> + return task_active_pid_ns_parent(tsk)->child_reaper;

```

This is bogus. This value is never returned to userspace. It is always used to make kernel decisions like `forget_original_parent()` and signaling. As such, this unnecessarily slows down this function, and has the potential of creating a very subtle bug down the line (if there isn't one already).

A task has one reaper, period, and a fn called `task_child_reaper()` should return that reaper, period.

Then if userspace ever wants to see that value (right now it doesn't), then whoever calls `task_child_reaper` from inside NS1 on NS1's reaper can

send back 0.

-serge

```
> + return tsk_reaper;
> +}
> +EXPORT_SYMBOL(task_child_reaper);
> +
> +/*
>  * Return the pid_t by which the process @pid is known in the pid
>  * namespace @ns.
>  *
>  @@ -301,15 +365,78 @@ pid_t pid_to_nr(struct pid *pid)
>  }
>  EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(pid_to_nr);
>
> +#ifdef CONFIG_PID_NS
> +static int init_ns_pidmap(struct pid_namespace *ns)
> +{
> + int i;
> +
> + atomic_set(&ns->pidmap[0].nr_free, BITS_PER_PAGE - 1);
> +
> + ns->pidmap[0].page = kzalloc(PAGE_SIZE, GFP_KERNEL);
> + if (!ns->pidmap[0].page)
> + return -ENOMEM;
> +
> + set_bit(0, ns->pidmap[0].page);
> +
> + for (i = 1; i < PIDMAP_ENTRIES; i++) {
> + atomic_set(&ns->pidmap[i].nr_free, BITS_PER_PAGE);
> + ns->pidmap[i].page = NULL;
> + }
> + return 0;
> +}
> +
> +static struct pid_namespace *alloc_pid_ns(void)
> +{
> + struct pid_namespace *ns;
> + int rc;
> +
> + ns = kzalloc(sizeof(struct pid_namespace), GFP_KERNEL);
> + if (!ns)
> + return NULL;
> +
> + rc = init_ns_pidmap(ns);
> + if(rc) {
> + kfree(ns);
```

```

> + return NULL;
> + }
> +
> + kref_init(&ns->kref);
> +
> + return ns;
> +}
> +
> +#else
> +
> +static int alloc_pid_ns()
> +{
> + static int warned;
> +
> + if (!warned) {
> +  printk(KERN_INFO "WARNING: CLONE_NEWPID disabled\n");
> +  warned = 1;
> + }
> + return 0;
> +}
> +#endif /*CONFIG_PID_NS*/
> +
> +void toss_pid(struct pid *pid)
> +{
> + if (pid->num_upids == 1)
> +  kmem_cache_free(pid1_cachep, pid);
> + else {
> +  kfree(pid->upid_list);
> +  kmem_cache_free(pid_cachep, pid);
> + }
> +}
> +
> fastcall void put_pid(struct pid *pid)
> {
>  if (!pid)
>   return;
>
>  if ((atomic_read(&pid->count) == 1) ||
> -   atomic_dec_and_test(&pid->count)) {
> -   kmem_cache_free(pid_cachep, pid);
> - }
> +   atomic_dec_and_test(&pid->count))
> +   toss_pid(pid);
> }
> EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(put_pid);
>
> @@ -345,15 +472,28 @@ static struct pid *alloc_struct_pid(int
>  enum pid_type type;

```

```

> struct upid *upid_list;
> void *pid_end;
> + struct kmem_cache *cachep = pid1_cachep;
>
> - /* for now we only support one pid namespace */
> - BUG_ON(num_upids != 1);
> - pid = kmem_cache_alloc(pid_cachep, GFP_KERNEL);
> + if (num_upids > 1)
> +   cachep = pid_cachep;
> +
> + pid = kmem_cache_alloc(cachep, GFP_KERNEL);
> if (!pid)
>   return NULL;
>
> - pid_end = (void *)pid + sizeof(struct pid);
> - pid->upid_list = (struct upid *)pid_end;
> + if (num_upids == 1) {
> +   pid_end = (void *)pid + sizeof(struct pid);
> +   pid->upid_list = (struct upid *)pid_end;
> + } else {
> +   int upid_list_size = num_upids * sizeof(struct upid);
> +
> +   upid_list = kzalloc(upid_list_size, GFP_KERNEL);
> +   if (!upid_list) {
> +     kmem_cache_free(pid_cachep, pid);
> +     return NULL;
> +   }
> +   pid->upid_list = upid_list;
> + }

```

I would much rather see the upid_list be a part of the struct pid, as in

```

struct pid {
    ...
    struct upid upid_list[0];
};

```

and the allocation done all at once using kmalloc.

If we really want to use a cache later, we could either use a cache only if num_upids==1, or use a set of caches, creating a new cache every time someone does clone(CLONE_NEWPID) to a new depth of num_upids.

Others may disagree with this, I realize my preference somewhat subjective.

```

>
> atomic_set(&pid->count, 1);

```

```

> pid->num_upids = num_upids;
> @@ -364,7 +504,8 @@ static struct pid *alloc_struct_pid(int
> return pid;
> }
>
> -struct pid *dup_struct_pid(enum copy_process_type copy_src)
> +struct pid *dup_struct_pid(enum copy_process_type copy_src,
> + unsigned long clone_flags, struct task_struct *new_task)
> {
> int rc;
> int i;
> @@ -379,20 +520,38 @@ struct pid *dup_struct_pid(enum copy_pro
> return &init_struct_pid;
>
> num_upids = parent_pid->num_upids;
> + if (clone_flags & CLONE_NEWPID)
> + num_upids++;
>
> pid = alloc_struct_pid(num_upids);
> if (!pid)
> return NULL;
>
> upid = &pid->upid_list[0];
> +
> + if (clone_flags & CLONE_NEWPID) {
> + struct pid_namespace *new_pid_ns = alloc_pid_ns();
> +
> + if (!new_pid_ns)
> + goto out_free_pid;
> +
> + new_pid_ns->child_reaper = new_task;
> + rc = init_upid(upid, pid, new_pid_ns);
> + if (rc < 0)
> + goto out_free_pid;
> + upid++;
> + }
> +
> parent_upid = &parent_pid->upid_list[0];
>
> - for (i = 0; i < num_upids; i++, upid++, parent_upid++) {
> + for (i = 0; i < parent_pid->num_upids; i++, upid++, parent_upid++) {
> rc = init_upid(upid, pid, parent_upid->pid_ns);
> if (rc < 0)
> goto out_free_pid;
> }
>
> + new_task->pid = pid_active_upid(pid)->nr;
> +

```

```

> return pid;
>
> out_free_pid:
> @@ -533,9 +692,21 @@ EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(find_get_pid);
>
> void free_pid_ns(struct kref *kref)
> {
> + int i;
> + int nr_free;
>   struct pid_namespace *ns;
>
>   ns = container_of(kref, struct pid_namespace, kref);
> +
> + BUG_ON(ns == &init_pid_ns);
> +
> + for (i = 0; i < PIDMAP_ENTRIES; i++) {
> +   nr_free = atomic_read(&ns->pidmap[i].nr_free);
> +   BUG_ON(nr_free != BITS_PER_PAGE);
> +
> +   if (ns->pidmap[i].page)
> +     kfree(ns->pidmap[i].page);
> + }
>   kfree(ns);
> }
>
> @@ -566,14 +737,22 @@ void __init pidhash_init(void)
>
> void __init pidmap_init(void)
> {
> - int pid_elem_size;
> + int pid1_elem_size;
>
>   init_pid_ns.pidmap[0].page = kzalloc(PAGE_SIZE, GFP_KERNEL);
>   /* Reserve PID 0. We never call free_pidmap(0) */
>   set_bit(0, init_pid_ns.pidmap[0].page);
>   atomic_dec(&init_pid_ns.pidmap[0].nr_free);
>
> - pid_elem_size = sizeof(struct pid) + sizeof(struct upid);
> - pid_cachep = kmem_cache_create("pid+1upid", pid1_elem_size, 0,
> - SLAB_HWCACHE_ALIGN|SLAB_PANIC, NULL, NULL);
> + /*
> +  * Cache for struct pids with more than one pid namespace
> +  */
> + pid_cachep = KMEM_CACHE(pid, SLAB_PANIC);
> +
> + /*
> +  * Cache for struct pids with exactly one pid namespace
> +  */

```

```

> + pid1_elem_size = sizeof(struct pid) + sizeof(struct upid);
> + pid1_cachep = kmem_cache_create("pid+1upid", pid1_elem_size, 0,
> +   SLAB_HWCACHE_ALIGN|SLAB_PANIC, NULL, NULL);
> }
> Index: lx26-21-mm2/include/linux/pid.h
> =====
> --- lx26-21-mm2.orig/include/linux/pid.h 2007-05-22 16:59:49.000000000 -0700
> +++ lx26-21-mm2/include/linux/pid.h 2007-05-22 16:59:52.000000000 -0700
> @@ -118,7 +118,8 @@ extern struct pid *FASTCALL(find_pid(int
> extern struct pid *find_get_pid(int nr);
> extern struct pid *find_ge_pid(int nr);
>
> -extern struct pid *dup_struct_pid(enum copy_process_type);
> +extern struct pid *dup_struct_pid(enum copy_process_type,
> + unsigned long clone_flags, struct task_struct *new_task);
> extern void FASTCALL(free_pid(struct pid *pid));
>
> extern pid_t pid_to_nr_in_ns(struct pid_namespace *ns, struct pid *pid);
> Index: lx26-21-mm2/include/linux/pid_namespace.h
> =====
> --- lx26-21-mm2.orig/include/linux/pid_namespace.h 2007-05-22 16:59:50.000000000 -0700
> +++ lx26-21-mm2/include/linux/pid_namespace.h 2007-05-22 16:59:52.000000000 -0700
> @@ -54,9 +54,6 @@ static inline struct pid_namespace *task
> return pid_active_pid_ns(task_pid(tsk));
> }
>
> -static inline struct task_struct *task_child_reaper(struct task_struct *tsk)
> -{
> - return task_active_pid_ns(tsk)->child_reaper;
> -}
> +extern struct task_struct *task_child_reaper(struct task_struct *tsk);
>
> #endif /* _LINUX_PID_NS_H */
> Index: lx26-21-mm2/init/Kconfig
> =====
> --- lx26-21-mm2.orig/init/Kconfig 2007-05-22 16:58:36.000000000 -0700
> +++ lx26-21-mm2/init/Kconfig 2007-05-22 16:59:52.000000000 -0700
> @@ -250,6 +250,15 @@ config UTS_NS
> vservers, to use uts namespaces to provide different
> uts info for different servers. If unsure, say N.
>
> +config PID_NS
> + depends on EXPERIMENTAL
> + bool "PID Namespaces"
> + default n
> + help
> + Support multiple PID namespaces. This allows containers, i.e.
> + vservers to use separate different PID namespaces to different

```

```

> + servers. If unsuare, say N.
> +
> config AUDIT
> bool "Auditing support"
> depends on NET
> Index: lx26-21-mm2/kernel/exit.c
> =====
> --- lx26-21-mm2.orig/kernel/exit.c 2007-05-22 16:59:46.000000000 -0700
> +++ lx26-21-mm2/kernel/exit.c 2007-05-22 16:59:52.000000000 -0700
> @@ -866,6 +866,7 @@ fastcall NORET_TYPE void do_exit(long co
> {
> struct task_struct *tsk = current;
> int group_dead;
> + struct pid_namespace *pid_ns = task_active_pid_ns(tsk);
>
> profile_task_exit(tsk);
>
> @@ -875,10 +876,15 @@ fastcall NORET_TYPE void do_exit(long co
> panic("Aiee, killing interrupt handler!");
> if (unlikely(!tsk->pid))
> panic("Attempted to kill the idle task!");
> - if (unlikely(tsk == task_child_reaper(tsk))) {
> - if (task_active_pid_ns(tsk) != &init_pid_ns)
> - task_active_pid_ns(tsk)->child_reaper =
> - init_pid_ns.child_reaper;
> +
> + /*
> + * Note that we cannot use task_child_reaper() here because
> + * it returns reaper for parent pid namespace if tsk is itself
> + * the reaper of the active pid namespace.
> + */
> + if (unlikely(tsk == pid_ns->child_reaper)) {
> + if (pid_ns != &init_pid_ns)
> + pid_ns->child_reaper = init_pid_ns.child_reaper;
> else
> panic("Attempted to kill init!");
> }
> Index: lx26-21-mm2/kernel/fork.c
> =====
> --- lx26-21-mm2.orig/kernel/fork.c 2007-05-22 16:59:49.000000000 -0700
> +++ lx26-21-mm2/kernel/fork.c 2007-05-22 16:59:52.000000000 -0700
> @@ -1026,14 +1026,13 @@ static struct task_struct *copy_process(
> if (p->binfmt && !try_module_get(p->binfmt->module))
> goto bad_fork_cleanup_put_domain;
>
> - pid = dup_struct_pid(copy_src);
> + pid = dup_struct_pid(copy_src, clone_flags, p);
> if (!pid)

```

```

> goto bad_fork_put_binfmt_module;
>
> p->did_exec = 0;
> delayacct_tsk_init(p); /* Must remain after dup_task_struct() */
> copy_flags(clone_flags, p);
> - p->pid = pid_to_nr(pid);
>
> INIT_LIST_HEAD(&p->children);
> INIT_LIST_HEAD(&p->sibling);
> @@ -1255,11 +1254,17 @@ static struct task_struct *copy_process(
> __ptrace_link(p, current->parent);
>
> if (thread_group_leader(p)) {
> + struct pid *pgrp = task_pgrp(current);
> + struct pid *session = task_session(current);
> +
> + if (clone_flags & CLONE_NEWPID)
> + pgrp = session = pid;
> +
> p->signal->tty = current->signal->tty;
> - p->signal->pgrp = process_group(current);
> - set_signal_session(p->signal, process_session(current));
> - attach_pid(p, PIDTYPE_PGID, task_pgrp(current));
> - attach_pid(p, PIDTYPE_SID, task_session(current));
> + p->signal->pgrp = pid_to_nr(pgrp);
> + set_signal_session(p->signal, pid_to_nr(session));
> + attach_pid(p, PIDTYPE_PGID, pgrp);
> + attach_pid(p, PIDTYPE_SID, session);
>
> list_add_tail_rcu(&p->tasks, &init_task.tasks);
> __get_cpu_var(process_counts)++;

```

Containers mailing list

Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

<https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers>
