Subject: Re: [patch 1/8] add user mounts to the kernel Posted by Miklos Szeredi on Sun, 22 Apr 2007 08:05:05 GMT

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```
>>> + if (mnt->mnt_flags & MNT_USER)
>>> + seq_printf(m, ",user=%i", mnt->mnt_uid);
>>> How about making the test "if (mnt->mnt_user != &root_user)"
>>
>> We don't want to treat root_user special. That's what capabilities
>> were invented for.
>
> For the print statement? What ever it is minor.
```

It is a user interface, not a print statement. Your suggested change would be vetoed by any number of people.

So either we have all mounts having owners, AND have /proc/mounts add "user=0" to all mounts. While I don't _think_ this would actually break userspace, it would definitely make people complain.

The other choice is what the current patchset does: is to have "legacy" mounts without owners, and "new generation" mounts with owners having "user=UID" in /proc/mounts, regardless of the value of UID.

- > So I want to minimize the changes needed to existing programs.
- > Now if all we have to do is specify MS_SETUSER when root a
- > user with CAP_SETUID is setting up a mount as a user other
- > then himself then I don't much care. If we have to call MS SETUSER
- > as unprivileged users

You don't. Unprivileged mounts _imply_ MS_SETUSER.

```
>>> +
>>> + uid_t mnt_uid; /* owner of the mount */
>>>
>>> Can we please make this a user struct. That requires a bit of
>>> reference counting but it has uid namespace benefits as well
>>> as making it easy to implement per user mount rlimits.
>>
>> OK, can you ellaborate, what the uid namespace benifits are?
>
> In the uid namespace the comparison is simpler as are the propagations
> rules. Basically if you use a struct user you will never need to
> care about a uid namespace. If you don't we will have to tear through
> this code another time.
```

Well, OK. I'll do the user struct thing then.

Miklos

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