

Hi Eric,

> >> The paradigm in a kthread world for waking up kernel threads is by
> >> calling kthread_stop, and then for testing if a kernel thread should
> >> stop is by calling kthread_should_stop.
> >
> > I considered this, but rejected it because of this comment:
> >
> > * kthread_stop - stop a thread created by kthread_create().
> > * ... Your threadfn() must not call do_exit()
> > * itself if you use this function! ...
> >
> > and this one:
> >
> > * ... @threadfn can either call do_exit() directly if it is a
> > * standalone thread for which noone will call kthread_stop(), or
> > * return when 'kthread_should_stop()' is true (which means
> > * kthread_stop() has been called).
> >
> > Most of the time the kernel thread starts, performs heavy_init,
> > and exits. The above comments seem to imply that it is wrong
> > to call do_exit if kthread_stop might be called, and wrong to
> > return if kthread_stop has not been called. This seems to exclude
> > the case where kthread_stop is sometimes, but not always, called,
> > and the thread sometimes exits without kthread_stop having been
> > called. But perhaps I misunderstood, since it seems there is kthread
> > code to handle the case of a threadfn that returns without kthread_stop
> > having been called, witness this comment:
> > /* It might have exited on its own, w/o kthread_stop. Check. */
> > It's still not clear to me, so if you can enlighten me, please do!
>
> This is a good point. I was going to say we could work around
> this with checks in usbatm_do_heavy_init but that appears racy.

presumably the problem is that if the thread has spontaneously exited, and afterwards disconnect calls kthread_stop, then things go boom. The same problem exists (though with lesser consequences) when sending a signal. There is already code in usbatm to avoid this problem with signals. Why not just recycle it in the kthread_stop case? I guess there is no problem if you can guarantee that the following occurs:
if kthread_stop is ever called for the kthread, then the kthread only exits after seeing kthread_should_stop return true.

> I guess I need to think a little more. I remember seeing this

> and not worry about it because SIGTERM didn't seem to
> be caught, so it didn't appear needed.
>
> >> I think the reduction in complexity and the increase in uniformity
> >> is most likely worth it.
> >>
> >> If all else fails I'm happy with something simpler like Cedric's
> >> patch which takes care of the things that I currently have a problem
> >> with, but I'm willing to work through this to make it a through
> >> cleanup.
> >
> > You have a problem with the pid, right? Well, that is easily
> > cured in itself. I'll spin a patch for it a bit later, unless
> > someone else gets there first. And if you can confirm that kthread_stop
> > can be used in this situation (i.e. thread can spontaneously return
> > without kthread_stop) then I'm happy to convert everyone over to checking
> > kthread_should_stop.
>
> To be clear I have a problem with using numeric pids of kernel threads,

Yes, this is a problem with usbatm at the moment.

> and with spawning threads from a possibly user space environment.

Not the case with usbatm. It is always spawned from khubd.

> So on my hitlist are (kill_proc, daemonize, and kernel_thread).
>
> If it the original process is a user space thread it is possible to
> capture pieces of the user space environment unintentionally daemonize
> is supposed to fix that but only does for the pieces of user
> space environment that people have anticipated you can capture.

Best wishes,

Duncan.

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