Subject: Re: [RFC] L3 network isolation: broadcast Posted by Vlad Yasevich on Wed, 13 Dec 2006 21:41:46 GMT

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Daniel Lezcano wrote:
> Hi all,
>
> I am trying to find a solution to handle the broadcast traffic on the I3
> namespace.
>
> The broadcast issue comes from the I2 isolation:
> in udp.c
>
> static inline struct sock *udp_v4_mcast_next(struct sock *sk,
>
    __be16 loc_port,
       be32 loc addr.
>
     __be16 rmt_port,
>
       be32 rmt addr,
>
    int dif)
>
> {
> struct hlist node *node;
> struct sock *s = sk;
> struct net_namespace *ns = current_net_ns;
> unsigned short hnum = ntohs(loc_port);
>
> sk_for_each_from(s, node) {
 struct inet sock *inet = inet sk(s);
>
   if (inet->num != hnum
     (inet->daddr && inet->daddr != rmt addr) ||
     (inet->dport != rmt_port && inet->dport) ||
>
     (inet->rcv_saddr && inet->rcv_saddr != loc_addr) ||
>
     ipv6_only_sock(s)
                          Ш
>
     !net_ns_match(sk->sk_net_ns, ns) ||
>
     (s->sk bound dev if && s->sk bound dev if != dif))
>
   continue:
>
   if (!ip_mc_sf_allow(s, loc_addr, rmt_addr, dif))
   continue;
> goto found;
   }
> s = NULL;
> found:
    return s;
> }
> This is absolutely correct for I2 namespaces because they share the
> socket hash table. But that is not correct for I3 namespaces because we
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- > want to deliver the packet to each I3 namespaces which have binded to
- > the broadcast address, so we should avoid checking net ns match if we
- > are in a layer 3 namespace. Doing that we will break the I2 isolation
- > because an another I2 namespace could have binded to the same broadcast
- > address.

A question, if you will... I am still digesting the I2 changes, and I can't remember/find if the broadcasts will be replicated across multiple I2 or not.

Example:

A system has 2 interfaces eth0 and eth1 connected to the same lan/link. Each NIC was isolated to it's own L2 space. Each L2 space configures the its nic with unique IP but in the same subnet. Will both L2s receive a subnet broadcast packet?

If yes, then below approach will work. If no, then we'll need something else since both L2s should get the packet in their own right.

>
> The solution I see here is:
>
> if namespace is I3 then;
> net_ns match any net_ns registered as listening on this address
> else
> net_ns_match
> fi
>
> The registered network namespace is a list shared between brothers I3
> namespaces. This will add more overhead for sure. Does anyone have
> comments on that or perhaps a better solution ?
-vlad
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