Subject: Re: Processes with multiple pid_t values
Posted by ebiederm on Tue, 12 Dec 2006 04:25:23 GMT
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Sukadev Bhattiprolu <sukadev@us.ibm.com> writes:

> A process that unshares its namespace gets a new pid_t in the child
> namespace. Simlarly its process group and session leaders get new pid_ts
> in the child namespace right ?
>
> i.e do the following pid_ts look reasonable when process 1234 unshares
> its pid namespace ?
>
>
>   PID PPID PGID SID
>
> init pid ns 1234 1233 1230 1220
>
> child pid ns 3 2 1 0

A slightly more complete answer.

A pid that cannot be represented in the current pid namespace should be
0.

pid 1 is very special and in the case of a clone should definitely
be the first pid in the namespace.

In the case of an unshare pid == 1 is probably the process that does
the unshare, and it's children all show up in the child namespace.

Any other pids should simply be allocated with the pid allocator if they
do not fall into the pid namespace.

> Assuming they are :-), we should expect find_pid() call with nr == 0, 1,
> or 2 in the child pid namespace to also work right ?
>
> But processes 1220, 1230, 1233 are entered into the hash table based on
> their init pid ns values. And so the above find_pid() calls would not
> find the process we want.

My expectation is that we will have a link entry that points to the
real struct pid. Or possibly a different data structure at that point.
The pid hash table does not scale well to very large numbers of pids.

> i.e some processes have two pid_ts and we want to find them using either
> of the two values. The pid_hash table can obviously hash on one value.
>

> We would need some serious changes to the pid_hash table to do this ???
> (can we change the hash algorithm to generate a key based on all pid_ts
> a process has ????)

The key would need to be pid_namespace, pid_t. We just need a few tweaks to the lookup algorithm. It's 5-10 line patch most likely.

> Or should we just keep track of these special processes (4 per namespace
> including the child reaper) in the namespace object - just like we treat
> the child_reaper special ?

It doesn't look hard to allow pids to appear in several namespaces, we need at least one pid to appear in multiple pid namespaces, so it makes sense to handle that case. With struct pid and the helper functions currently defined it is not hard to allow for all pids to be in several namespaces.

So it is my intention that all processes will have a pid in every parent pid namespace as well as a pid in their current pid namespace.

Eric

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