Subject: [PATCH 00/25] Mount writer count and read-only bind mounts (v7) Posted by Dave Hansen on Mon, 11 Dec 2006 22:30:00 GMT

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I figured I'd run this past the containers list one more time.

These are against 2.6.19-mm1. They compile, boot and pass my little attached test script.

Changes from previous version

- rework helper names for doing custom 'struct file' creation

The following series implements read-only bind mounts. This feature allows a read-only view into a read-write filesystem. In the process of doing that, it also provides infrastructure for keeping track of the number of writers to any given mount. In this version, if there are writers on a superblock, the filesystem may not be remounted r/o. The same goes for MS_BIND mounts, and writers on a vfsmount.

This has a number of uses. It allows chroots to have parts of filesystems writable. It will be useful for containers in the future and is intended to replace patches that vserver has had out of the tree for several years. It allows security enhancement by making sure that parts of your filesystem read-only, when you don't want to have entire new filesystems mounted, or when you want atime selectively updated.

This set makes no attempt to keep the return codes for these r/o bind mounts the same as for a real r/o filesystem or device. It would require significantly more code and be quite a bit more invasive.

Using this feature requires two steps:

mount --bind /source /dest mount -o remount,ro /dest

I've been using the following script to test that the feature is working as desired. It takes a directory and makes a regular bind and a r/o bind mount of it. It then performs some normal filesystem operations on the three directories, including ones that are expected to fail, like creating a file on the r/o mount.

#!/bin/sh
DIRS="foo foo-bound foo-bound-ro"

```
set -e
function do_umount
 umount foo-bound || true;
 umount foo-bound-ro || true;
) 2> /dev/null
trap do_umount ERR
# just in case the last invocation left them
do_umount
function should_fail
"$@" > /dev/null 2>&1 \
&& echo unexpected success: "$@" \
|| echo GOOD: expected failure: "$@";
function should succeed
"$@" > /dev/null 2>&1 \
&& echo GOOD: expected success: "$@" \
|| echo unexpected failure: "$@"
function should_fail_ro
RO=$1
shift
if $RO; then
 should_fail "$@"
else
 should_succeed "$@"
fi
function testdir
RO=$1
shift;
i=$1
should_fail_ro $RO touch $i/$i-file
should_fail_ro $RO mkdir $i/$i-dir
should_fail_ro $RO mknod $i/$i-null-chardev c 1 3
should_fail_ro $RO chmod 777 $i/$i-null-chardev
for i in $DIRS; do
```

rm -r ./\$i > /dev/null 2>&1 || true mkdir -p \$i; done;

mount --bind foo foo-bound/ || exit mount --bind foo foo-bound-ro || exit mount -o remount,ro foo-bound-ro || exit

testdir false foo-bound testdir false foo-bound testdir true foo-bound-ro

should_succeed echo foo > foo-bound/foo-null-chardev should_succeed echo foo > foo-bound-ro/foo-null-chardev

should_fail chmod 777 foo-bound-ro/foo-dir should_fail chmod 777 foo-bound-ro/foo-file should_fail chown nobody foo-bound-ro/foo-dir should_fail chown nobody foo-bound-ro/foo-file should_fail rmdir foo-bound-ro/foo-dir

do umount

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