Subject: Re: [RFC] [PATCH 0/4] uid_ns: introduction
Posted by serue on Thu, 09 Nov 2006 16:50:09 GMT
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Quoting Eric W. Biederman (ebiederm@xmission.com):
> "Serge E. Hallyn" <serue@us.ibm.com> writes:
>
> > So from your pov the same objection would apply to tagging vfsmounts,
> > or not?
>
> No. The issue is that the NFS server merges different mounts to the
> same nfs server into the same superblock.
>
> > What is the scenario where the caching is broken? It can't be multiple
> > clients accessing the same NFS export from the same NFS service container,
> > since that would just be an erroneous setup, right?
>
> >
> >> > As I recall there are two basic issues.
> >> >
> >> > Putting the default on the mount structure instead of the superblock
> >> > for filesystems that are not uid namespaces aware sounded reasonable,
> >> > and allowed certain classes of sharing between namespaces where they
> >> > agreed on a subset of the uids (especially for read-only data).
> >>
> >> yes, that is especially interesting for --bind mounts
> >> when you 'know' that you will dedicate a certain
> >> sub-tree to one context/guest
> >
> > Ok, so you wouldn't object to a patch which tagged vfsmounts?
> >
> > I guess a NULL vfsmnt->user_ns pointer would mean ignore user_ns and
> > only apply uid checks (useful for ro bind mount of /usr into multiple
> > containers).
>
> Bind mounts are peculiar. But I think as long as you charged the to
> the context in which they happen (don't do the bind until after you switch
> the user_ns. You should be fine.

Presumably container setup would be somewhat like system boot - you'd
start with a shared / filesystem, unshare user namespace, construct your
new /, pivot_root, and unmount /old_root, so you end up with all
vfsmounts accessible from the container having the correct user_ns.

-serge

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Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.osdl.org