Subject: Re: [RFC] network namespaces Posted by Herbert Poetzl on Sun, 10 Sep 2006 19:19:00 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message On Sat, Sep 09, 2006 at 09:41:35PM -0600, Eric W. Biederman wrote: > Herbert Poetzl <herbert@13thfloor.at> writes: > > On Sat, Sep 09, 2006 at 11:57:24AM +0400, Dmitry Mishin wrote: >>> On Friday 08 September 2006 22:11, Herbert Poetzl wrote: >>> actually the light-weight ip isolation runs perfectly >>> > fine _without_ CAP_NET_ADMIN, as you do not want the >>> yuest to be able to mess with the 'configured' ips at >>> all (not to speak of interfaces here) > > >>> It was only an example. I'm thinking about how to implement flexible >>> solution, which permits light-weight ip isolation as well as >>> full-fledged netwrok virtualization. Another solution is to split > >> CONFIG_NET_NAMESPACE. Is it good for you? > > well, I think it would be best to have both, as >> they are complementary to some degree, and IMHO > > both, the full virtualization and the isolation > > will require a separate namespace to work, I also > > think that limiting the isolation to something > > very simple (like one IP + network or so) would > > be acceptable for a start, because especially > > multi IP or network range checks require a little > > more efford to get them right ... > > > > I do not think that folks would want to recompile > > their kernel just to get a light-weight guest or > > a fully virtualized one > > I certainly agree that we are not at a point where a final decision > can be made. A major piece of that is that a layer 2 approach has > not shown to be without a performance penalty. > A practical question. Do the IPs assigned to guests ever get used > by anything besides the guest?

only in special setups and for testing routing and general operation of course, i.e. one typical failure scenario is this:

- 'provider' has a bunch of ips assigned
- 'host' ip works perfectly
- 'guest' ip is not routed (by the external router)

in this case, for example, I always suggest to test on the host with a guest ip, simplest example:

ping -I <guest-ip> google.com

but for 'normal' operation, the guest ip is reserved for the guests, unless some service like named is shared between guests ...

HTH, Herbert

> Eric

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.osdl.org https://lists.osdl.org/mailman/listinfo/containers