Subject: Re: [PATCH] Make access to task's nsproxy liter Posted by serue on Mon, 13 Aug 2007 15:01:54 GMT

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Quoting Eric W. Biederman (ebiederm@xmission.com):
> Oleg Nesterov <oleg@tv-sign.ru> writes:
>
> > On 08/10, Pavel Emelyanov wrote:
> >>
> >> Oleg Nesterov wrote:
>>> >On 08/10, Serge E. Hallyn wrote:
>>> >> Quoting Pavel Emelyanov (xemul@openvz.org):
> >> >>+/*
>>>>+ * the namespaces access rules are:
> >> >>+ *
>>>>+ * 1. only current task is allowed to change tsk->nsproxy pointer or
              any pointer on the nsproxy itself
> >> >>+ *
> >> >>+ *
>>>>+ * 2. when accessing (i.e. reading) current task's namespaces - no
> >> >>+ *
              precautions should be taken - just dereference the pointers
> >> >>+ *
>>>>+ * 3. the access to other task namespaces is performed like this
              rcu_read_lock();
> >> >>+ *
              nsproxy = task_nsproxy(tsk);
> >> >>+ *
> >> >>+ *
              if (nsproxy != NULL) {
                   / *
> >> >>+ *
                    * work with the namespaces here
> >> >>+ *
                    * e.g. get the reference on one of them
> >> >>+ *
> >> >>+ *
> >> >>+ *
                * NULL task nsproxy() means that this task is
> >> >>+ *
                * almost dead (zombie)
> >> >>+ *
> >> >>+ *
                * /
> >> >>+ *
              rcu_read_unlock();
>>>>And lastly, I guess that the caller to switch_task_namespaces() has
>>> >> to ensure that new nsproxy either (1) is the init namespace, (2) is a
>>> >>brand-new namespace to which noone else has a reference, or (3) the
>>> >> caller has to hold a reference to the new nsproxy across the call to
>>> >> switch task namespaces().
>>> >> As it happens the current calls fit (1) or (2). Again if we happen to
>>> >>jump into the game of switching a task into another task's nsproxy,
>>> >>we'll need to be mindful of (3) so that new_nsproxy can't be tossed into
>>> >> the bin between
> >> >>
>>> >> if (new)
>>> >> get_nsproxy(new);
> >> >
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>>> >4) Unless tsk == current, get_task_namespaces(tsk) and get_nsproxy(tsk)
>>> are racy even if done under rcu read lock().
> >>
> >> Yup :)
> >>
>>> It is already written in comment that only the current is allowed
>>> to change its nsproxy. I.e. when switch_task_nsproxy() is called
>>> for tsk other than current it's a BUG
> Yes, but what I meant is that this code
> >
        rcu read lock();
> >
        nsproxy = task_nsproxy(tsk);
> >
        if (nsproxy != NULL)
> >
             get_nsproxy(nsproxy);
> >
        rcu_read_unlock();
> >
> > if (nsproxy) {
>> use_it(nsproxy);
>> put_nsproxy(nsproxy);
>> }
> >
>> is not safe despite the fact we are _not_ changing tsk->nsproxy.
>> The patch itself is correct because we don't do that, and the comment
> > is right. Just it is not immediately obvious.
> Ugh. That is nasty, non obvious and almost a problem. I don't want
> to do get net(nsproxy->net ns) from another task so I can migrate
> network between namespaces.
> But thinking about it because we don't do the other decrements
> until later we can still increment the counts on the individual
> namespaces. We just can't share nsproxy.
>
> So if you did want to do an enter thing you could copy the
> nsproxy object of a task under the rcu_read_lock(), and
> you would be fine.
Yup, that makes sense, good idea.
-serge
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