
Subject: [PATCH 03/10] Containers(V10): Add tasks file interface

Posted by [Paul Menage](#) on Tue, 29 May 2007 13:01:07 GMT

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This patch adds the per-directory "tasks" file for containerfs mounts; this allows the user to determine which tasks are members of a container by reading a container's "tasks", and to move a task into a container by writing its pid to its "tasks".

Signed-off-by: Paul Menage <menage@google.com>

```
include/linux/container.h | 10 +
kernel/container.c      | 335 ++++++=====
2 files changed, 345 insertions(+)
```

Index: container-2.6.22-rc2-mm1/include/linux/container.h

```
=====
```

```
--- container-2.6.22-rc2-mm1.orig/include/linux/container.h
+++ container-2.6.22-rc2-mm1/include/linux/container.h
@@ -128,6 +128,16 @@ int container_is_removed(const struct co
```

```
int container_path(const struct container *cont, char *buf, int buflen);
```

```
+int __container_task_count(const struct container *cont);
+static inline int container_task_count(const struct container *cont)
```

```
+
```

```
+ int task_count;
+ rCU_read_lock();
+ task_count = __container_task_count(cont);
+ rCU_read_unlock();
+ return task_count;
+}
```

```
+
```

```
/* Return true if the container is a descendant of the current container */
```

```
int container_is_descendant(const struct container *cont);
```

Index: container-2.6.22-rc2-mm1/kernel/container.c

```
=====
```

```
--- container-2.6.22-rc2-mm1.orig/kernel/container.c
+++ container-2.6.22-rc2-mm1/kernel/container.c
@@ -679,6 +679,109 @@ static inline void get_first_subsys(cons
    *subsys_id = test_ss->subsys_id;
}
```

```
/*
```

```
+ * Attach task 'tsk' to container 'cont'
+ *
```

```

+ * Call holding container_mutex. May take task_lock of
+ * the task 'pid' during call.
+ */
+
+static int attach_task(struct container *cont, struct task_struct *tsk)
+{
+ int retval = 0;
+ struct container_subsys *ss;
+ struct container *oldcont;
+ struct css_group *cg = &tsk->containers;
+ struct containerfs_root *root = cont->root;
+ int i;
+
+ int subsys_id;
+ get_first_subsys(cont, NULL, &subsys_id);
+
+ /* Nothing to do if the task is already in that container */
+ oldcont = task_container(tsk, subsys_id);
+ if (cont == oldcont)
+ return 0;
+
+ for_each_subsys(root, ss) {
+ if (ss->can_attach) {
+ retval = ss->can_attach(ss, cont, tsk);
+ if (retval) {
+ return retval;
+ }
+ }
+ }
+
+ task_lock(tsk);
+ if (tsk->flags & PF_EXITING) {
+ task_unlock(tsk);
+ return -ESRCH;
+ }
+ /* Update the css_group pointers for the subsystems in this
+ * hierarchy */
+ for (i = 0; i < CONTAINER_SUBSYS_COUNT; i++) {
+ if (root->subsys_bits & (1ull << i)) {
+ /* Subsystem is in this hierarchy. So we want
+ * the subsystem state from the new
+ * container. Transfer the refcount from the
+ * old to the new */
+ atomic_inc(&cont->count);
+ atomic_dec(&cg->subsys[i]->container->count);
+ rcu_assign_pointer(cg->subsys[i], cont->subsys[i]);
+ }
+ }

```

```

+ task_unlock(tsk);
+
+ for_each_subsys(root, ss) {
+   if (ss->attach) {
+     ss->attach(ss, cont, oldcont, tsk);
+   }
+ }
+
+ synchronize_rcu();
+ return 0;
+}
+
+/*
+ * Attach task with pid 'pid' to container 'cont'. Call with
+ * container_mutex, may take task_lock of task
+ */
+
+static int attach_task_by_pid(struct container *cont, char *pidbuf)
+{
+ pid_t pid;
+ struct task_struct *tsk;
+ int ret;
+
+ if (sscanf(pidbuf, "%d", &pid) != 1)
+   return -EIO;
+
+ if (pid) {
+   rCU_read_lock();
+   tsk = find_task_by_pid(pid);
+   if (!tsk || tsk->flags & PF_EXITING) {
+     rCU_read_unlock();
+     return -ESRCH;
+   }
+   get_task_struct(tsk);
+   rCU_read_unlock();
+
+   if ((current->euid) && (current->euid != tsk->uid)
+       && (current->euid != tsk->suid)) {
+     put_task_struct(tsk);
+     return -EACCES;
+   }
+ } else {
+   tsk = current;
+   get_task_struct(tsk);
+ }
+
+ ret = attach_task(cont, tsk);

```

```

+ put_task_struct(tsk);
+ return ret;
+}
+
/* The various types of files and directories in a container file system */

typedef enum {
@@ -687,6 +790,54 @@ typedef enum {
    FILE_TASKLIST,
} container_filetype_t;

+static ssize_t container_common_file_write(struct container *cont,
+    struct cftype *cft,
+    struct file *file,
+    const char __user *userbuf,
+    size_t nbytes, loff_t *unused_ppos)
+{
+    container_filetype_t type = cft->private;
+    char *buffer;
+    int retval = 0;
+
+    if (nbytes >= PATH_MAX)
+        return -E2BIG;
+
+    /* +1 for nul-terminator */
+    if ((buffer = kmalloc(nbytes + 1, GFP_KERNEL)) == 0)
+        return -ENOMEM;
+
+    if (copy_from_user(buffer, userbuf, nbytes)) {
+        retval = -EFAULT;
+        goto out1;
+    }
+    buffer[nbytes] = 0; /* nul-terminate */
+
+    mutex_lock(&container_mutex);
+
+    if (container_is_removed(cont)) {
+        retval = -ENODEV;
+        goto out2;
+    }
+
+    switch (type) {
+    case FILE_TASKLIST:
+        retval = attach_task_by_pid(cont, buffer);
+        break;
+    default:
+        retval = -EINVAL;
+        goto out2;

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```

+ }
+
+ if (retval == 0)
+   retval = nbytes;
+out2:
+ mutex_unlock(&container_mutex);
+out1:
+ kfree(buffer);
+ return retval;
+}
+
static ssize_t container_file_write(struct file *file, const char __user *buf,
    size_t nbytes, loff_t *ppos)
{
@@ -875,6 +1026,187 @@ int container_add_files(struct container
    return 0;
}

+/* Count the number of tasks in a container. Could be made more
+ * time-efficient but less space-efficient with more linked lists
+ * running through each container and the css_group structures that
+ * referenced it. Must be called with tasklist_lock held for read or
+ * write or in an rcu critical section. */
+
+int __container_task_count(const struct container *cont)
+{
+ int count = 0;
+ struct task_struct *g, *p;
+ struct container_subsys_state *css;
+ int subsys_id;
+ get_first_subsys(cont, &css, &subsys_id);
+
+ do_each_thread(g, p) {
+   if (task_subsys_state(p, subsys_id) == css)
+     count++;
+ } while_each_thread(g, p);
+ return count;
+}
+
+/*
+ * Stuff for reading the 'tasks' file.
+ *
+ * Reading this file can return large amounts of data if a container has
+ * lots of attached tasks. So it may need several calls to read(),
+ * but we cannot guarantee that the information we produce is correct
+ * unless we produce it entirely atomically.
+ *
+ * Upon tasks file open(), a struct ctr_struct is allocated, that

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+ * will have a pointer to an array (also allocated here). The struct
+ * ctr_struct * is stored in file->private_data. Its resources will
+ * be freed by release() when the file is closed. The array is used
+ * to sprintf the PIDs and then used by read().
+ */
+
+/* containers_tasks_read array */
+
+struct ctr_struct {
+ char *buf;
+ int bufsz;
+};
+
+/*
+ * Load into 'pidarray' up to 'npids' of the tasks using container
+ * 'cont'. Return actual number of pids loaded. No need to
+ * task_lock(p) when reading out p->container, since we're in an RCU
+ * read section, so the css_group can't go away, and is
+ * immutable after creation.
+ */
+static int pid_array_load(pid_t *pidarray, int npids, struct container *cont)
+{
+ int n = 0;
+ struct task_struct *g, *p;
+ struct container_subsys_state *css;
+ int subsys_id;
+ get_first_subsys(cont, &css, &subsys_id);
+ rCU_read_lock();
+
+ do_each_thread(g, p) {
+ if (task_subsys_state(p, subsys_id) == css) {
+ pidarray[n++] = pid_nr(task_pid(p));
+ if (unlikely(n == npids))
+ goto array_full;
+ }
+ } while_each_thread(g, p);
+
+array_full:
+ rCU_read_unlock();
+ return n;
+}
+
+static int cmppid(const void *a, const void *b)
+{
+ return *(pid_t *)a - *(pid_t *)b;
+}
+
+/*

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+ * Convert array 'a' of 'npids' pid_t's to a string of newline separated
+ * decimal pids in 'buf'. Don't write more than 'sz' chars, but return
+ * count 'cnt' of how many chars would be written if buf were large enough.
+ */
+static int pid_array_to_buf(char *buf, int sz, pid_t *a, int npids)
+{
+ int cnt = 0;
+ int i;
+
+ for (i = 0; i < npids; i++)
+ cnt += snprintf(buf + cnt, max(sz - cnt, 0), "%d\n", a[i]);
+ return cnt;
+}
+
+/*
+ * Handle an open on 'tasks' file. Prepare a buffer listing the
+ * process id's of tasks currently attached to the container being opened.
+ *
+ * Does not require any specific container mutexes, and does not take any.
+ */
+static int container_tasks_open(struct inode *unused, struct file *file)
+{
+ struct container *cont = __d_cont(file->f_dentry->d_parent);
+ struct ctr_struct *ctr;
+ pid_t *pidarray;
+ int npids;
+ char c;
+
+ if (!(file->f_mode & FMODE_READ))
+ return 0;
+
+ ctr = kmalloc(sizeof(*ctr), GFP_KERNEL);
+ if (!ctr)
+ goto err0;
+
+ /*
+ * If container gets more users after we read count, we won't have
+ * enough space - tough. This race is indistinguishable to the
+ * caller from the case that the additional container users didn't
+ * show up until sometime later on.
+ */
+ npids = container_task_count(cont);
+ pidarray = kmalloc(npids * sizeof(pid_t), GFP_KERNEL);
+ if (!pidarray)
+ goto err1;
+
+ npids = pid_array_load(pidarray, npids, cont);
+ sort(pidarray, npids, sizeof(pid_t), cmppid, NULL);

```

```

+
+ /* Call pid_array_to_buf() twice, first just to get bufsz */
+ ctr->bufsz = pid_array_to_buf(&c, sizeof(c), pidarray, npids) + 1;
+ ctr->buf = kmalloc(ctr->bufsz, GFP_KERNEL);
+ if (!ctr->buf)
+ goto err2;
+ ctr->bufsz = pid_array_to_buf(ctr->buf, ctr->bufsz, pidarray, npids);
+
+ kfree(pidarray);
+ file->private_data = ctr;
+ return 0;
+
+err2:
+ kfree(pidarray);
+err1:
+ kfree(ctr);
+err0:
+ return -ENOMEM;
+}
+
+static ssize_t container_tasks_read(struct container *cont,
+        struct cftype *cft,
+        struct file *file, char __user *buf,
+        size_t nbytes, loff_t *ppos)
+{
+ struct ctr_struct *ctr = file->private_data;
+
+ return simple_read_from_buffer(buf, nbytes, ppos, ctr->buf, ctr->bufsz);
+}
+
+static int container_tasks_release(struct inode *unused_inode, struct file *file)
+{
+ struct ctr_struct *ctr;
+
+ if (file->f_mode & FMODE_READ) {
+ ctr = file->private_data;
+ kfree(ctr->buf);
+ kfree(ctr);
+ }
+ return 0;
+}
+
+/*
+ * for the common functions, 'private' gives the type of file
+ */
+
+static struct cftype cft_tasks = {
+ .name = "tasks",

```

```
+ .open = container_tasks_open,
+ .read = container_tasks_read,
+ .write = container_common_file_write,
+ .release = container_tasks_release,
+ .private = FILE_TASKLIST,
+};
+
static int container_populate_dir(struct container *cont)
{
    int err;
@@ -883,6 +1215,9 @@ static int container_populate_dir(struct
 /* First clear out any existing files */
 container_clear_directory(cont->dentry);

+ if ((err = container_add_file(cont, &cft_tasks)) < 0)
+     return err;
+
 for_each_subsys(cont->root, ss) {
    if (ss->populate && (err = ss->populate(ss, cont)) < 0)
        return err;
```

--
