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Subject: Re: Re: [patch 05/10] add "permit user mounts in new namespace" clone flag

Posted by [Miklos Szeredi](#) on Tue, 17 Apr 2007 17:44:09 GMT

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> I'm a bit lost about what is currently done and who advocates for what.  
>  
> It seems to me the MNT\_ALLOWUSERMNT (or whatever :) flag should be  
> propagated. In the /share rbind+chroot example, I assume the admin  
> would start by doing  
>  
> mount --bind /share /share  
> mount --make-slave /share  
> mount --bind -o allow\_user\_mounts /share (or whatever)  
> mount --make-shared /share  
>  
> then on login, pam does  
>  
> chroot /share/\$USER  
>  
> or some sort of  
>  
> mount --bind /share /home/\$USER/root  
> chroot /home/\$USER/root  
>  
> or whatever. In any case, the user cannot make user mounts except under  
> /share, and any cloned namespaces will still allow user mounts.

I don't quite understand your method. This is how I think of it:

```
mount --make-rshared /  
mkdir -p /mnt/ns/$USER  
mount --rbind / /mnt/ns/$USER  
mount --make-rslave /mnt/ns/$USER  
mount --set-flags --recursive -o allowusermnt /mnt/ns/$USER  
chroot /mnt/ns/$USER  
su - $USER
```

I did actually try something equivalent (without the fancy mount commands though), and it worked fine. The only "problem" is the proliferation of mounts in /proc/mounts. There was a recently posted patch in AppArmor, that at least hides unreachable mounts from /proc/mounts, so the user wouldn't see all those. But it could still be pretty confusing to the sysadmin.

So in that sense doing it the complicated way, by first cloning the namespace, and then copying and sharing mounts individually which need to be shared could relieve this somewhat.

Another point: user mounts under /proc and /sys shouldn't be allowed. There are files there (at least in /proc) that are seemingly writable by the user, but they are still not writable in the sense, that "normal" files are.

Anyway, there are lots of userspace policy issues, but those don't impact the kernel part.

As for the original question of propagating the "allowusermnt" flag, I think it doesn't matter, as long as it's consistent and documented.

Propagating some mount flags and not propagating others is inconsistent and confusing, so I wouldn't want that. Currently remount doesn't propagate mount flags, that may be a bug, dunno.

Miklos

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