Subject: [PATCH 1/1][RFC] EXT34 retry loop issue V(2) Posted by Dmitriy Monakhov on Mon, 12 Feb 2007 09:46:58 GMT

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Patch depends on: "[PATCH 0/1][RFC] prepare_write positive return value V(2)"

This patch solve ext3/4 retry loop issue.

Issue description:

What we can do if block_prepare_write fail inside ext3_prepare_write?

- a) Stop transaction and do retry if possible, but what happend if reboot comes after journal_force_commit, but before we exhaust all retry attempts and generic_file_buffered_write call trancate? We may get allocated blocks outside i_size. Witch is bad.
- b) Commit newly allocated blocks. This approach was used after Andrey's patch. But if reboot comes, or error happend, user will be surprised that i_size increased but blocks are zero filed. This is internal write operation state becames visiable to user. Witch is also bad.
- c) Just return as match bytes as we can deal with rigth now back to caller, and let's caller handles it and than call commit. In this scenario we never stop journal in the midle of some internal fs operation. If reboot comes before commit trunsaction was't closed so it will be droped while journal replay.

Only (c) tend to garantie attomic data operation.

Also fix some issues introduced by retries-in-ext3_prepare_write-violate-ordering-requirements: i_size may increase after error happend. possible data corruption caused committing non uptodate bh.

Signed-off-by: Dmitriy Monakhov <dmonakhov@openvz.org>

diff --git a/fs/ext3/inode.c b/fs/ext3/inode.c index dba6dd2..4c5e9f7 100644

- --- a/fs/ext3/inode.c
- +++ b/fs/ext3/inode.c
- @ @ -1154,6 +1154,18 @ @ static int do_journal_get_write_access(handle_t *handle,
- * transaction must include the content of the newly allocated blocks.
- * This content is expected to be set to zeroes by block_prepare_write().
- * 2006/10/14 SAW
- + * What we can do if some blocks was allocated?
- + * a) Stop transaction and do retry if possible, but what happend if
- + * reboot comes after journal_force_commit, but before we exhaust
- + * all retry attempts and caller call trancate?
- + * We may get allocated blocks outside i_size. Witch is bad.

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+ * b) Commit newly allocated blocks. And if reboot comes, user will be
    surprised that i size increased but blocks are zero filed. Witch is
     also bad.
+ * c) Just return as match bytes as we can deal with rigth now back to
     caller, and if reboot comes trunsaction was't closed so it will
     be droped while journal replay.
+ * Only (c) tend to garantie attomic data operation.
static int ext3_prepare_failure(struct file *file, struct page *page,
   unsigned from, unsigned to)
@ @ -1186,7 +1198,7 @ @ skip:
  block start = to;
  break;
 }
if (!buffer_mapped(bh))
+ if (!buffer_mapped(bh) || !buffer_uptodate(bh))
 /* prepare write failed on this bh */
  break:
 if (ext3 should journal data(mapping->host)) {
@ @ -1204,8 +1216,8 @ @ skip:
 if (block start <= from)
 goto skip;
- /* commit allocated and zeroed buffers */
- return mapping->a_ops->commit_write(file, page, from, block_start);
+ /* return number of bytes till last mapped && uptodate block */
+ return block_start - from;
static int ext3_prepare_write(struct file *file, struct page *page,
@@ -1239,7 +1251,8 @@ retry:
failure:
 ret2 = ext3_prepare_failure(file, page, from, to);
- if (ret2 < 0)
+ if (ret2)
+ /* ready to partial write, or fatal error */
 return ret2:
 if (ret == -ENOSPC && ext3_should_retry_alloc(inode->i_sb, &retries))
 goto retry;
diff --git a/fs/ext4/inode.c b/fs/ext4/inode.c
index 806eee1..da39f80 100644
--- a/fs/ext4/inode.c
+++ b/fs/ext4/inode.c
@@ -1153,6 +1153,18 @@ static int do_journal_get_write_access(handle_t *handle,
 * transaction must include the content of the newly allocated blocks.
 * This content is expected to be set to zeroes by block prepare write().
 * 2006/10/14 SAW
```

```
+ * What we can do if some blocks was allocated?
+ * a) Stop transaction and do retry if possible, but what happend if
     reboot comes after journal_force_commit, but before we exhaust
     all retry attempts and caller call trancate?
    We may get allocated blocks outside i size. Witch is bad.
+ * b) Commit newly allocated blocks. And if reboot comes, user will be
     surprised that i size increased but blocks are zero filed. Witch is
     also bad.
+ * c) Just return as match bytes as we can deal with rigth now back to
     caller, and if reboot comes trunsaction was't closed so it will
     be droped while journal replay.
+ * Only (c) tend to garantie attomic data operation.
 */
static int ext4_prepare_failure(struct file *file, struct page *page,
   unsigned from, unsigned to)
@@ -1185,7 +1197,7 @@ skip:
  block start = to:
  break:
 }
if (!buffer_mapped(bh))
+ if (!buffer_mapped(bh) || !buffer_uptodate(bh))
 /* prepare write failed on this bh */
  break;
 if (ext4_should_journal_data(mapping->host)) {
@ @ -1203,8 +1215,8 @ @ skip:
 if (block start <= from)
 goto skip;
- /* commit allocated and zeroed buffers */
- return mapping->a ops->commit write(file, page, from, block start);
+ /* return number of bytes till last mapped && uptodate block */
+ return block start - from;
}
static int ext4_prepare_write(struct file *file, struct page *page,
@ @ -1238,7 +1250,8 @ @ retry:
failure:
 ret2 = ext4_prepare_failure(file, page, from, to);
- if (ret2 < 0)
+ if (ret2)
+ /* ready to partial write, or fatal error */
 return ret2;
 if (ret == -ENOSPC && ext4_should_retry_alloc(inode->i_sb, &retries))
 goto retry;
```